Adventures in Object-Oriented Programming in REXX -

Patrick J. Mueller IBM

4

Adventures in Object Oriented Programming with



(REXX Object eXtensions)

Patrick J. Mueller

pmuellr@vnet.ibm.com May 1994, for the 1994 REXX Symposium Copyright IBM Corp. 1994. All rights reserved.



- IBM is a trademark of International Business Machines Corporation.
- OS/2 is a trademark of International Business Machines Corporation.



- What ROX is:
 - A REXX function package for OS/2
 - Provides object oriented capabilities for REXX
 - An experiment
- What ROX isn't:
 - An interface to existing OO systems (C++, Smalltalk, SOM)
 - A new language
 - An IBM product

ROX object model

- Classes define:
 - Methods, implemented in REXX
 - Variables, accessible to methods
- Class inheritance
 - Classes obtain methods and variables of inherited classes
 - Multiple inheritance
- Modelled on Smalltalk, but:
 - Classes not 1st class objects
 - No garbage collection



- :*----- animal class -:class animal
 :vars name sound
- :method init
 name = arg(1); sound = arg(2)
- :method name return name
- method sound return sound
- :*----- dog class -----:class dog
 :inherits animal

```
:method init
name = arg(1)
rc = animal.init(self,name,"Bark")
```



/* sample.cmd */

/* load the ROX file animal.rox */
rc = RoxLoad("animal.rox")

/* create a dog named Jackson */
dog = RoxCreate("dog","Jackson")

/* -> 'Jackson says Bark' */
say .name(dog) "says" .sound(dog)

/* destroy dog */
rc = RoxDestroy(dog)



- C programming interface allowing methods to be implemented in C
- Auto-loaded DLLs to allow complete class definitions to be implemented in C
- Multithreaded support
- Execution profiling

Object creation/destruction

- Objects created with RoxCreate()
 - arg(1) is the class name
 - arg(2) ... are initialization parameters
 - The 'init' method of the class invoked automatically, if present
 - Initialization parameters passed to init method
- Objects destroyed with RoxDestroy()
 - The 'deinit' method of the class invoked automatically, if present

Object references

- RoxCreate() returns a string that is a reference to an object
- Object reference passed as first parameter to all methods, and RoxDestroy()
- Object references are plain old REXX strings - can be kept in a blank delimited string as in:

```
objs = ""
do i = 1 to 10
  objs = objs RoxCreate("dog")
end
```

 Special variables 'self' and 'super' available to methods which represent the receiver of the method

Sending messages

- Message sends are just REXX function invocations
- Object reference is always the first parameter
- Function name is method name, prefixed by "."
- Object and method name used to resolve the class that implements the method

The two move methods invoked below are probably implemented in different classes:

```
xx = .add(aNumber,100)
xx = .add(aList,aListItem)
```

Instance variables

- Objects have as their instance variables all variables defined by their class, and its inherited classes.
- All instance variables apply only to a particular object - they are not shared between objects.
- All instance variables are 'exposed' when a method is invoked.
- Per-instance variables may be created with RoxAddVar(). This provides support for stemmed variables.

Packaging ROX classes

- RoxLoad utility allows classes to be packaged into their own files
- Multiple classes may be in one file
- Format is:
 - :include <a ROX file>
 - :class <class name>
 - :inherits <class name> ...
 - :vars <variable name> ...
 - :method <method name>
 <method code>
 - :method <method name>
 <method code>

×

Class-related functions

- RoxAddClass() create a class
- RoxClassAddInherit() add an inherited class to a class definition
- RoxClassAddMethod() add a method to a class definition
- RoxClassAddMethodDll() add a method (in a DLL) to a class definition
- RoxClassAddVar() add an instance variable to a class definition

Object-related functions

- RoxCreate() creates a new object
- RoxDestroy() destroys an object
- RoxSend() send a message to an object
- RoxSendThread() send a message to an object on another thread
- RoxClass() returns class of object
- RoxAddVar() add a per-instance variable to an object - used for stems

Utilities provided

RoxLoad.cmd

Calls the 'builtin' ROX functions to load a 'ROX' format file

RoxInfo.cmd

Prints class information for a given ROX file

RoxProf.cmd

Collects and analyzes output generated from RoxStats() function to generate timing information

Copyright IBM Corp. 1994



- list.rox
- wordlist.rox
- set.rox
- collect.rox

various collection classes; collect.rox is an abstract class

- sessions.rox illustrates multiple inheritance
- spinner.rox
 sample threaded class that displays an in-process spinner for activity
- cmdline.rox

implements a function to read a line from input with history, editing, etc

socket.rox

usability enhancements for the rxSock function package

Copyright IBM Corp. 1994



Performance

0.05-second overhead for message sends on 25/50 Mz 486 machine.

That's pretty good, but still only 20 messages / second.

• File i/o

Each invocation of a method opens a new file handle for a named file. Unpredictable because of buffering.

Example: file 'a.file' opened twice

```
:method foo
rc = lineout("a.file","x 1")
x = .foo(something)
x = .foo(something)
```

Implementation notes

- Uses REXX external function interface for message sends
- Internally, uses
 - RexxStart()
 - variable pool
 - init/term System exits
- Can be used by any REXX-macro-aware program
- Possible conflicts with programs that usurp REXX external function exit and depend on period prefixed functions

What's ROX good for?

- Experimenting with OO and REXX
- Whet your appetite for Object REXX
- A way to reuse large-ish chunks of REXX code, with shared variables

Copyright IBM Corp. 1994



- Currently at version 1.8
- Available via:
 - anonymous ftp to ftp.cdrom.com in /pub/os2/program/rexx as rox.zip
 - Peter Norloff's OS/2 BBS

æ

Availability

- Currently at version 1.8
- Available via:
 - anonymous ftp to ftp.cdrom.com in /pub/os2/program/rexx as rox.zip
 - Peter Norloff's OS/2 BBS